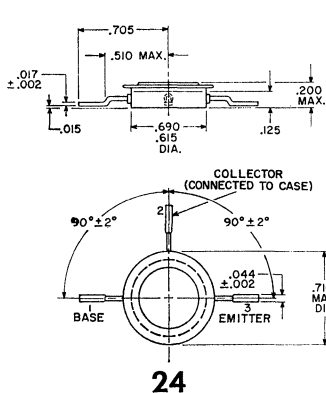
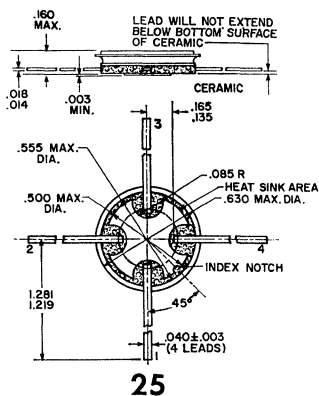


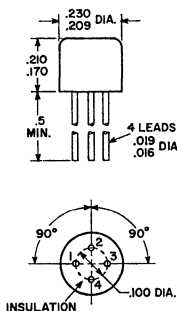
Outlines (cont'd)



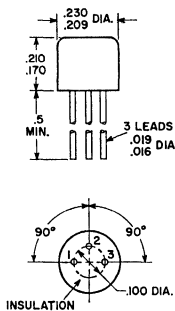
24



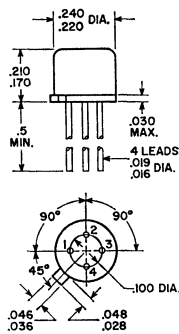
25



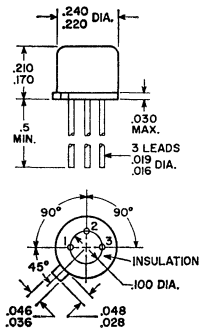
26 (4-Lead)



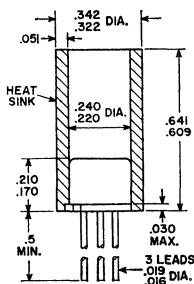
26 (3-Lead)



27 (4-Lead)



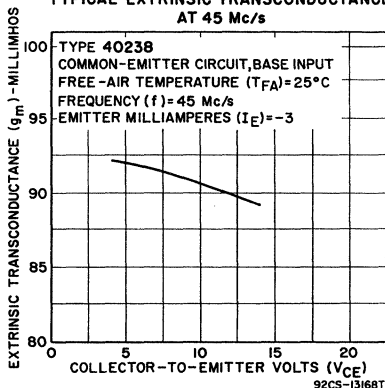
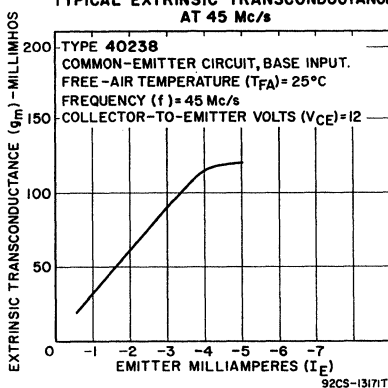
27 (3-Lead)



27 (3-Lead With Heat Sink)

## CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

Extrinsic Transconductance ( $V_{CE} = 12$ V, $I_E = -3$ mA, $f = 45$ Mc/s) .....	$g_m$	90	mmhos
Maximum Available Amplifier Gain For 1, 2, or 3 Stages ( $V_{CE} = 12$ V, $I_E = -3$ mA, $f = 45$ Mc/s) .....	MAG	45.3	dB
Maximum Usable Amplifier Gain, Unneutralized ( $V_{CE} = 12$ V, $I_E = -3$ mA, $f = 45$ Mc/s):			
For 1 stage .....	MUG	22.9	dB
For 2 stages .....	MUG	20.7	dB
For 3 stages .....	MUG	19	dB
Maximum Usable Amplifier Gain, Neutralized ( $V_{CE} = 12$ V, $I_E = -3$ mA, $f = 45$ Mc/s):			
For 1 stage .....	MUG	28	dB
For 2 stages .....	MUG	25.8	dB
For 3 stages .....	MUG	24.1	dB

TYPICAL EXTRINSIC TRANSCONDUCTANCE  
AT 45 Mc/sTYPICAL EXTRINSIC TRANSCONDUCTANCE  
AT 45 Mc/s

## 40239

## TRANSISTOR

Si n-p-n type used as 45-Mc/s if amplifier in television receivers. **Outline No.27** (4-lead). **Terminals:** 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to case. This type is identical with type 40238 except for the following item:

## CHARACTERISTICS

Static Forward-Current Transfer Ratio ( $V_{CE} = 6$ V, $I_E = -1$ mA) .....	$h_{FE}$	27 to 100
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## 40240

## TRANSISTOR

Si n-p-n type used as 45-Mc/s if amplifier in television receivers. **Outline No.27** (4-lead). **Terminals:** 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to case. This type is identical with type 40238 except for the following item:

## CHARACTERISTICS

Static Forward-Current Transfer Ratio ( $V_{CE} = 6$ V, $I_E = -1$ mA) .....	$h_{FE}$	27 to 275
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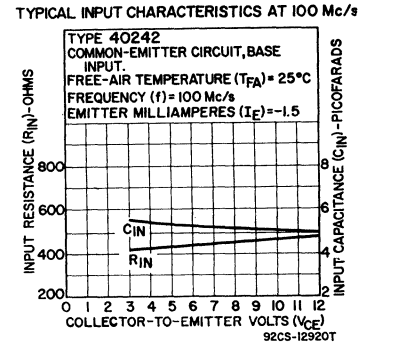
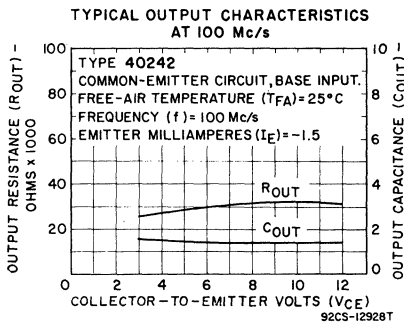
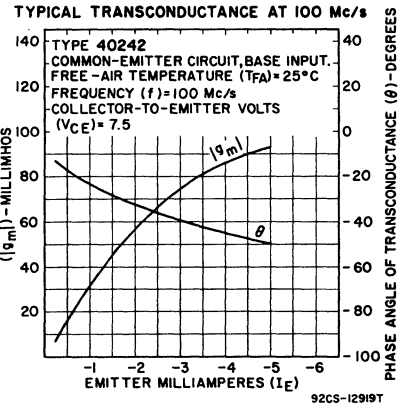
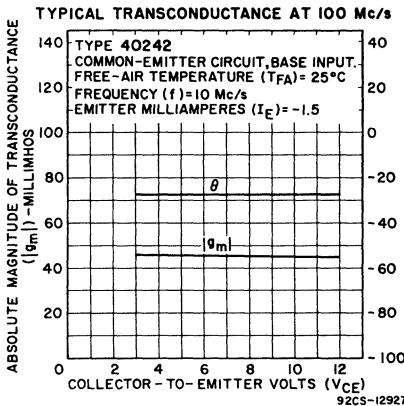
## 40242

## TRANSISTOR

Si n-p-n planar type used in rf-amplifier applications in conjunction with types 40243 (mixer), 40244 (rf oscillator), and 40245 and 40246 (if amplifiers) to make up a "front-end" and if complement for FM and AM/FM receivers. **Outline No.27** (4-lead). **Terminals:** 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to case.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Collector-to-Base Voltage:			
Emitter open .....	$V_{CB0}$	35	V
$V_{BE} = -1$ V .....	$V_{CBV}$	35	V
Emitter-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{EB0}$	5	V
Collector Current .....	$I_C$	50	mA
Transistor Dissipation:			
$T_A$ up to 25°C .....	$P_T$	180	mW
$T_A$ above 25°C .....	$P_T$	See curve page 112	
Temperature Range:			
Operating ( $T_A$ ) and Storage ( $T_{STG}$ ) .....		-65 to 175	°C
Lead-Soldering Temperature (10 s max) .....	$T_L$	255	°C



**CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-to-Base Breakdown Voltage:			
$I_C = 0.001$ mA, $I_E = 0$ .....	$V_{(BR)CB0}$	35 min	V
$V_{BE} = -1$ V, $I_C = 0.001$ mA .....	$V_{(BR)CBV}$	35 min	V
Emitter-to-Base Breakdown Voltage			
( $I_E = -0.001$ mA, $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	3 min	V
Collector-Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 1$ V, $I_E = 0$ ) .....	$I_{CB0}$	0.02 max	$\mu$ A
Emitter-Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5$ V, $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$I_{EBO}$	1 max	$\mu$ A
Static Forward-Current Transfer Ratio			
( $V_{CE} = 6$ V, $I_E = -1$ mA) .....	$h_{FE}$	40 to 170	
Extrinsic Transconductance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5$ V,			
$I_E = -1.5$ mA, $f = 100$ Mc/s) .....	$g_m$	45	mmhos
Maximum Available Amplifier Gain*			
( $V_{CE} = 7.5$ V, $I_E = -1.5$ mA, $f = 100$ Mc/s) .....	MAG	38.3	dB
Maximum Usable Amplifier Gain*:			
Neutralized— $V_{CE} = 7.5$ V, $I_E = -1.5$ mA,			
$f = 100$ Mc/s .....	MUG	21.5	dB
Unneutralized— $V_{CC} = 15$ V, $f = 100$ Mc/s .....	MUG	16.4	dB
Input Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 7.5$ V, $I_E = -1.5$ mA,			
$f = 100$ Mc/s) .....	$C_{ie}$	5.2	pF
Feedback Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 8$ V, $I_E = 0$ ,			
$f = 1$ Mc/s) .....	$C_{cb}$	0.65 max	pF

**CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)**

Input Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1.5 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{ie}$	450	$\Omega$
Output Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1.5 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{oe}$	30	k $\Omega$
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1.5 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{oe}$	1.35	pF
Noise Figure* ( $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $R_G = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ )	NF	2.5	dB

\* This characteristic applies only to type 40242.

**40243**

**TRANSISTOR**

Si n-p-n planar type used in mixer applications in conjunction with types 40242 (rf amplifier), 40244 (rf oscillator), and 40245 and 40246 (if amplifiers) to make up a "front-end" and if complement for FM and AM/FM receivers. Outline No.27 (4-lead). Terminals: 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - case. This type is identical with type 40242 except for the following items:

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Emitter-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{EBO}$	3	V
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**CHARACTERISTICS**

Emitter-Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$I_{EBO}$	1 max	$\mu\text{A}$
Extrinsic Transconductance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$g_m$	32	mmhos
Maximum Available Conversion Gain ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7$ to $100 \text{ Mc/s}$ )	MAG <sub>c</sub>	37.64	dB
Input Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{ie}$	4.5	pF
Input Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{ie}$	650	$\Omega$
Output Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{oe}$	30	k $\Omega$
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 100 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{oe}$	1.35	pF

**40244**

**TRANSISTOR**

Si n-p-n planar type used in rf-oscillator applications in conjunction with types 40242 (rf amplifier), 40243 (mixer), and 40245 and 40246 (if amplifiers) to make up a "front-end" and if complement for FM and AM/FM receivers. Outline No.27 (4-lead). Terminals: 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to case.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Collector-to-Base Voltage:			
Emitter open .....	$V_{CBO}$	35	V
$V_{BE} = -1 \text{ V}$ .....	$V_{CEV}$	35	V
Emitter-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{EBO}$	3	V
Collector Current .....	$I_C$	50	mA
Transistor Dissipation:			
$T_A$ up to $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	180	mW
$T_A$ above $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	See curve page 112	
Temperature Range:			
Operating ( $T_A$ ) and Storage ( $T_{STG}$ ) .....		-65 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead-Soldering Temperature (10 s max) .....	$T_L$	255	$^\circ\text{C}$

**CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-to-Base Breakdown Voltage:			
$I_C = 0.001 \text{ mA}$ , $I_E = 0$ .....	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	35 min	V
$V_{BE} = -1 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0.001 \text{ mA}$ .....	$V_{(BR)CBV}$	35 min	V
Emitter-to-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = -0.001 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	3 min	V
Collector-Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ ) .....	$I_{CBO}$	0.02 max	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$I_{EBO}$	1 max	$\mu\text{A}$

**CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)**

Static Forward-Current Transfer Ratio ( $V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ ) .....	$h_{FE}$	27 to 170	
Oscillator Output Voltage, Common Base Circuit ( $V_{CC} = 6 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 120 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$V_{ob}$	55	mV
Feedback Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{cb}$	0.8 max	pF

**TRANSISTOR**

**40245**

Si n-p-n planar type used in if-amplifier applications in conjunction with types 40242 (rf amplifier), 40243 (mixer), 40244 (rf oscillator), and 40246 (if amplifier) to make up a "front-end" and if complement for FM and AM/FM receivers. Outline No.27 (4-lead). **Terminals:** 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to case.

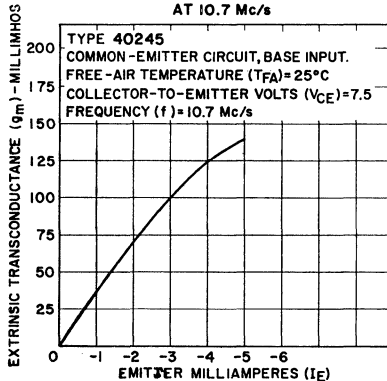
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Collector-to-Base Voltage:			
Emitter open .....	$V_{CBO}$	35	V
$V_{BE} = -1 \text{ V}$ .....	$V_{CEV}$	35	V
Emitter-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{EBO}$	3	V
Collector Current .....	$I_C$	50	mA
Transistor Dissipation:			
$T_A$ up to $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	180	mW
$T_A$ above $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	See curve page 112	
Temperature Range:			
Operating ( $T_A$ ) and Storage ( $T_{STG}$ ) .....		-65 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead-Soldering Temperature (10 s max) .....	$T_L$	255	$^\circ\text{C}$

**CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-to-Base Breakdown Voltage:			
$I_C = 0.001 \text{ mA}$ , $I_E = 0$ .....	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	35 min	V
$V_{BE} = -1 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0.001 \text{ mA}$ .....	$V_{(BR)CBV}$	35 min	V
Emitter-to-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = -0.001 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	3 min	V
Collector-Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ ) .....	$I_{CBO}$	0.02 max	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ ) .....	$I_{EBO}$	1 max	$\mu\text{A}$
Static Forward-Current Transfer Ratio ( $V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -1 \text{ mA}$ ) .....	$h_{FE}$	70 to 170	
Feedback Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{cb}$	0.65 max	pF
Extrinsic Transconductance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$g_m$	70	mmhos
Maximum Available Amplifier Gain ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	MAG	51.4	dB
Maximum Usable Amplifier Gain: Neutralized— $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ .....	MUG	33.2	dB
Unneutralized— $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ .....	MUG	28.1	dB

**TYPICAL EXTRINSIC TRANSCONDUCTANCE  
AT 10.7 Mc/s**



**CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)**

Input Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{ie}$	8.2	pF
Input Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{ie}$	1400	$\Omega$
Output Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{oe}$	80	k $\Omega$
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$C_{oe}$	1.5	pF

**40246**

**TRANSISTOR**

Si n-p-n planar type used in if-amplifier applications in conjunction with types 40242 (rf amplifier), 40243 (mixer), 40244 (if oscillator), and 40245 (if amplifier) to make up a "front-end" and if complement for FM and AM/FM receivers. **Outline No.27** (4-lead). **Terminals:** 1 - emitter, 2 - base, 3 - collector, 4 - connected to the case. This type is identical with type 40245 except for the following items:

**CHARACTERISTICS**

Input Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{ie}$	1200	$\Omega$
Output Resistance ( $V_{CE} = 7.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = -2 \text{ mA}$ , $f = 10.7 \text{ Mc/s}$ ) .....	$R_{oe}$	90	k $\Omega$

**40250**

**POWER TRANSISTOR**

Si n-p-n diffused-junction type used in audio and inverter circuits in 12-volt mobile radio and portable communications equipment and in a wide variety of intermediate- and high-power applications. **JEDEC TO-66, Outline No.22.** **Terminals:** 1 (B) - base, 2 (E) - emitter, Mounting Flange - collector and case.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Collector-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{CBO}$	50	V
Collector-to-Emitter Voltage: $V_{BE} = -1.5 \text{ V}$ .....	$V_{CEV}$	50	V
Base open .....	$V_{CEO}$	40	V
Emitter-to-Base Voltage .....	$V_{EBO}$	5	V
Collector Current .....	$I_C$	4	A
Base Current .....	$I_B$	2	A
Transistor Dissipation: $T_C$ up to $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	29	W
$T_C$ above $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	$P_T$	See curve page 112	
Temperature Range: Operating (Junction) .....	$T_J$ (opr)	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage .....	$T_{STG}$	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Pin-Soldering Temperature (10 s max) .....	$T_P$	235	$^\circ\text{C}$

